

## ChemWhot Recombinant Human Interleukin-2 Cys125Ser (rHuIL-2 Cvs125Ser)

## **ChemWhat Technical Data Sheet (TDS)**

101-02A Catalog Number:

Source: Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight: Approximately 15.5 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 133 amino acids.

Quantity:  $10 \mu g / 50 \mu g / 1000 \mu g$ 

AA Sequence: MPTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE

EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR

WITFSQSIIS TLT

**Purity:** > 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED50 as determined by a cell proliferation Biological Activity:

assay using murine CTLL-2 cells is less than 0.1 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of  $\geq 1.0 \times$ 

107 IU/mg.

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder. Physical Appearance:

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH3.5, with 5 % Trehalose.

Endotoxin: Less than 1.0 EU/µg of rHuIL-2 Cys125Ser as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution: We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the

> bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and

stored at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

Shipping: The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature

recommended below.

Stability & Storage: Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

ChemWhat Limited in UK offers this branded product for research, development or further Usage:

evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

## Human Interleukin-2 Cy 125Ser

Interleukin-2 (IL-2) is a O-glycosylated, four α-helix bundle cytokine that has potent stimulatory activity for antigen-activated T cells. It is expressed by CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, γδ T cells, B cells, dendritic cells, and eosinophils. Mature human IL-2 shares 56% and 66% as sequence identity with mouse and rat IL-2, respectively. Human and mouse IL-2 exhibit cross-species activity. The receptor for IL-2 consists of three subunits that are present on the cell surface in varying preformed complexes. The 55 kDa IL-2 Rα is specific for IL-2 and binds with low affinity. The 75 kDa IL-2 Rβ, which is also a component of the IL-15 receptor, binds IL-2 with intermediate affinity. The 64 kDa common gamma chain yc/IL-2 Ry, which is shared with the receptors for IL-4, -7, -9, -15, and -21, does not independently interact with IL-2. Upon ligand binding, signal transduction is performed by both IL-2 Rβ and γc. IL-2 is best known for its autocrine and paracrine activity on T cells. It drives resting T cells to proliferate and induces IL-2 and IL-2 Rα synthesis. It contributes to T cell homeostasis by promoting the Fas-induced death of naïve CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells but not activated CD4+ memory lymphocytes. IL-2 plays a central role in the expansion and maintenance of regulatory T cells, although it inhibits the development of Th17 polarized cells. Thus, IL-2 may be a key cytokine in the natural suppression of autoimmunity.

Rev. 03/28/2019 V.1 CHEMWHAT LIMITED

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