

Recombinant Human Interferon-beta1b (rHuIFN-β1b)

ChemWhat Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

Catalog Number:

106-05

Source:

Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight:

Approximately 20.0 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 166 amino acids.

Quantity:

 $2\mu g/10\mu g/1000\mu g$

AA Sequence:

MSYNLLGFLQ RSSNFQCQKL LWQLNGRLEY CLKDRMNFDI PEEIKQLQQF QKEDAALTIY

EMLQNIFAIF RQDSSSTGWN ETIVENLLAN VYHQINHLKT VLEEKLEKED FTRGKLMSSL

HLKRYYGRIL HYLKAKEYSH CAWTIVRVEI LRNFYFINRL TGYLRN

Purity:

> 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Biological Activity:

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The specific activity determined by an anti-viral

assay is no less than 3.0×10^7 IU/mg.

Physical Appearance:

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4, containing 2 % HSA and

3 % mannitol.

Endotoxin:

Less than 1 EU/μg of rHuIFN-β1b as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution:

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and

stored at \leq -20 $\mathbb C$. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

Shipping:

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature

recommended below.

Stability & Storage:

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

■ 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Usage:

ChemWhat Limited in UK offers this branded product for research, development or further

evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Human Interferon-B

IFN- β s are proteins produced by many cell types including lymphocytes (NK cells, B-cells and T-cells), macrophages, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, osteoblasts and others. They have antiviral activity that it is mainly involved in innate immune response. The IFN- β family has 2 subtypes, which are IFN- β 1 (IFNB1) and IFN- β 3 (IFNB3) (a gene designated IFN- β 2 is actually IL-6). IFN- β 1 is used as a treatment for multiple sclerosis as it reduces the relapse rate.

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