

## Recombinant Human Beta-defensin 2 (rHuBD-2)

## **ChemWhat Technical Data Sheet (TDS)**

Catalog Number:	109-02
Source:	Escherichia coli.
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 4.3 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 41 amino acids.
Quantity:	5µg/20µg/1000µg
AA Sequence:	GIGDPVTCLK SGAICHPVFC PRRYKQIGTC GLPGTKCCKK P
Purity:	> 98 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
<b>Biological Activity:</b>	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a
	chemotaxis bioassay using immature human dendritic cells is in a concentration range of 10-100
	ng/ml.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 130 mM NaCl.
Endotoxin:	Less than 1 EU/µg of rHuBD-2 as determined by LAL method.
<b>Reconstitution:</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the
	bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a
	concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and
	stored at $\leq$ -20 $\mathbb C$ . Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Shipping:	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature
	recommended below.
Stability & Storage:	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Usage:	ChemWhat Limited in UK offers this branded product for research, development or further
	evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

## Human Beta-defensin 2

Defensins (alpha and beta) are cationic peptides with antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria, fungi, and enveloped viruses. They are 2-6 k Da proteins and take important roles in innate immune system. On the basis of their size and pattern of disulfide bonding, mammalian defensins are classified into alpha, beta and theta categories.  $\beta$ -Defensins contain a six-cysteine motif that forms three intra-molecular disulfide bonds. Four human  $\beta$ -defensins have been identified and they are expressed on some leukocytes and at epithelial surfaces. Because  $\beta$ -defensins is cationic peptides, they can therefore interact with the membrane of invading microbes, which are negative due to lipopolysaccharides (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA) found in the cell membrane. Especially, they have higher affinity to the binding site compared to Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Mg<sup>2+</sup> ions. Furthermore, they can affect the stability of the membrane.

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