ChemUhat A brand under Watson Recombinant Human Macrophage Inflammatory Protein-5/CCL15 (rHuMIP-5/CCL15)

ChemWhat Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

Catalog Number: 204-15	
Source: Escherichia coli	
Molecular Weight: Approximately	0.2 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 92 amino acids.
Quantity: 5µg/25µg/1000µ	go o so so sol del test test test por
AA Sequence: QFINDAETEL	MMSKLPLENP VVLNSFHFAA DCCTSYISQS IPCSLMKSYF ETSSECSKPG
VIFLTKKGRQ	VCAKPSGPGV QDCMKKLKPY SI
Purity: > 97 % by SDS-	PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity: Fully biological	ly active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a
chemotaxis bioa	ssay using human T-lymphocytes is in a concentration range of 1.0-10 ng/ml.
Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered V	White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation: Lyophilized from	n a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 100 mM NaCl.
Endotoxin: Less than 1 EU/	ig of rHuMIP-5/CCL15 as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution: We recommend	that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the
bottom. Recons	titute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a
concentration of	0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and
	. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
	hipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature
recommended b	
	efrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	ited in UK offers this branded product for research, development or further
evaluation purpo	ses. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Human Macrophage Inflammatory Protein-5/CCL15

Human CCL15 is belonging to the CC chemokine family and shares 35 % amino acid homology with human HCC1 (CCL14). CCL15 is most abundant in heart, skeletal muscle and adrenal gland, and low expressed in liver, small intestine, colon, and in certain leukocytes and macrophages of the lung. It is chemotactic for neutrophils, monocytes, and lymphocytes and elicits its effects by binding to cell surface chemokine receptors like CCR1 and CCR3. CCL15 has several cleaved chains. All of them are more potent chemoattractants than CCL15.

https://www.chemwhat.com

Email: contact@chemwhat.com