

## Recombinant Rhesus Macaque Serum Amyloid A Protein-1 (rRhSAA1)

## **ChemWhat Technical Data Sheet (TDS)**

Catalog Number:

215-01

Source:

Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight:

Approximately 11.7 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 104 amino acids.

Quantity:

 $2 \mu g / 10 \mu g / 1000 \mu g$ 

AA Sequence:

RSWFSFLGEA YDGARDMWRA YSDMKEANYK NSDKYFHARG NYDAAQRGPG

GVWAAEVISD ARENIQKLLG RGAEDTLADQ AANEWGRSGK DPNHFRPAGL PEKY

**Purity:** 

> 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

**Biological Activity:** 

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a

chemotaxis bioassay using human monocytes is in a concentration range of 10-100 ng/ml.

Physical Appearance:

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin:

Less than 1 EU/µg of rRhSAA1 as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution:

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and

stored at  $\leq$  -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

Shipping:

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature

recommended below.

Stability & Storage:

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

■ 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Usage:

ChemWhat Limited in UK offers this branded product for research, development or further

evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

## Rhesus Macaque Serum Amyloid A protein-1

Serum Amyloid A protein-1 belongs to the SAA family of apolipoproteins that circulates in association with high-density lipoproteins (HDL). It is a multifunctional protein produced by hepatocytes in response to pro-inflammatory cytokines. SAA1 is a ligand for CD36/SR-B3, SR-B1, FPRL1, TLR2, and RAGE on monocytes/macrophages, inducing chemotaxis and generation of cytokines and tissue factor. It also can bind the surface of invading gram-negative bacteria, acting as an opsonin to aid clearance by macrophages. Additionally, SAA1 binds platelets, probably by engaging fibrinogen on the platelet surface.

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