ChemUhat A brand under Watson

Recombinant Rat Migration Inhibitor Factor (rRtMIF)

ChemWhat Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

Catalog Number:	641-03
Source:	Escherichia coli.
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 12.5 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 115 amino acids.
Quantity:	10µg/50µg/1000µg
AA Sequence:	MPMFIVNTNV PRASVPEGFL SELTQQLAQA TGKPAQYIAV HVVPDQLMTF SGTSDPCALC
	SLHSIGKIGG AQNRNYSKLL CGLLSDRLHI SPDRVYINYY DMNAANVGWN GSTFA
Purity:	> 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity:	Test in process.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM Tris, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 3 %
	trehalose.
Endotoxin:	Less than 1 EU/µg of rRtMIF as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the
	bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a
	concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and
	stored at \leq -20 $\mathbb C$. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Shipping:	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage:	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Usage:	ChemWhat Limited in UK offers this branded product for research, development or further
	evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Rat Migration Inhibitory Factor

Macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF or MMIF), also named as glycosylation-inhibiting factor (GIF), L-dopachrome isomerase, or phenylpyruvate tautomerase, is a protein encoded by the MIF gene. It is released from white blood cells by bacterial antigen stimulation to trigger an acute immune response, or by glucocorticoids to counter-act the inhibitory effects of glucocorticoids on immune system. MIF is a homotrimer of which each subunit contains 115 amino acids. As mentioned above, MIF is involved in the innate immune response to bacterial pathogens and counter-acts the anti-inflammatory activity of glucocorticoids. Furthermore, it also plays a role as mediator in regulating the function of macrophages in host defense and has phenylpyruvate tautomerase and dopachrome tautomerase activity in vitro. Rat MIF is 99 %, 90 %, 89 %, and 89 % a.a. identical to human, murine, porcine and bovine, respectively.

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